GENERAL BUSINESS PROCEDURES AND APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS FOR CORPORATION/PARTNERSHIP

At the Board of Investments, we offer total investment management solutions:

- Supplying knowledge-based market information
- Analyzing your business feasibility
- Handholding your concerns
- Linking you to the services chain
- Matching you with foreign and local businesses
- Nurturing your expansion and diversification
- Profiling industries

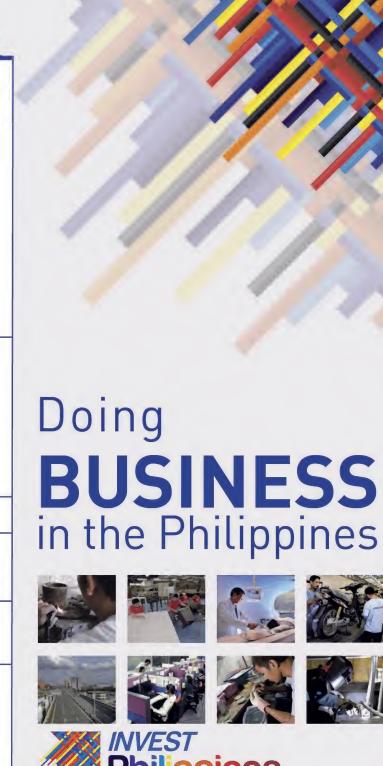




INDUSTRY & INVESTMENTS BUILDING

385 Sen. Gil Puyat Avenue, Makati City, Philippines 1200 Tel. Nos.: (632) 897-6682 • (632) 809-9308 • (632) 895-3640 www.boi.gov.ph

WHERE TO REGISTER FILING FEE TIME TABLE 1. Corporation/Partnership Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) 1. Domestic company - 1/5 of 1% of the Within three (3) to five (5) working Corporations are juridical persons Web: www.sec.gov.ph (register On-Line for the authorized capital stock days upon official acceptance established under the Corporation Code Corporate name) 2. Representative Office - 1/10 of 1% of and regulated by the Securities and Three (3) to five (5) working days Exchange Commission (SEC) with a Tel. No.: 584-9223 loc. 219 / 584-0763 loc 254 the actual inward remittance personality separate and distinct from that of (Corporate Registration and Monitoring its stockholders. It consists of at least five (5) Department) 3. Branch Office - 1% of actual inward Three (3) to five (5) working days to fifteen (15) incorporators each of whom remittance converted into Pesos but just hold at least one share and must be Authorized Agent Bank in the Revenue not less than P2,000.00 registered with the SEC. District (Bureau of Internal Revenue) where 4. RHQ - P5,000.00 (SEC) the business or property is located. A Partnership is treated as juridical 5. ROHQ - 1% of actual remittance but person, having a separate legal personality from that of its members. not less than 1% of peso equivalent of It consists of two (2) or more partners. US\$200,000.00 at the time of remittance. A partnership with more than three thousand pesos (P 3.000.00) capital must register with Securities and Exchange BOI filing fees for RHQ and ROHQ-Commission (SEC) P4,500.00 each 1. a File BIR Form No. 2000 For No. 4 and 5, Application should be (Documentary Stamp Tax Return) in filed first with the Board of Investments triplicate within 5 days after the closing (BOI) After its evaluation and of the month upon securing SEC/DTI approval, it will be forwarded/transmitted to Certificate of Registration the SEC for the issuance of the Certificate of Registration Board of Investments (BOI) 2. Incentives Availment Depends on company's project cost BOI - within twenty (20) working days Tel No.: 895-8322, 895-3640, 895-3657 (OPTIONAL) www.boi.gov.ph Philippine Economic Zone Authority (PEZA) P3 600 00 PEZA - Within the day/two (2) weeks Tel No.: 551-3436 / 551-3438 (Board Action) www.peza.gov.ph Clark Development Corporation (CDC) P2,000.00 CDC - two(2) to three (3) weeks Tel No.: (63-45) 599-2043 / 2642 www.clark.com.ph Subic Bay Metropolitan Authority (SBMA) US\$50.00 SBMA - Three (3) weeks to one (1) month Tel No.: (63-47) 252-4000 / 252-4004 www.sbma.com Local Government Unit (Office of the Mayor) 3. Mayor's Permit (License to Operate) Depends on the capital, varies for every LGU Depends on LGU's timetable and Barangay Clearance where business/project is located 4. Department of Labor and Employment Department of Labor and Employment Rule 1020 (Occupational Safety & Health One (1) day or may vary depending (DOLE) Regional office where business is located Standards) - No fee on documents completed Department Order - 1802 (Contractor/ Tel No :527-8000 www.dole.gov.ph Subcontractor Employee-Employer relationship) - P100.00 5. Environmental Clearance Certificate Environmental Management Bureau -ECC Non-Critical - P4.015.00 ECC Non-Critical - 20 working days FCC Critical - P6 000 00 ECC Critical - 40 working days (ECC)/or Certificate of Non-Coverage Department of Environmental and Natural (CNC) (depends on business activity) Resources (EMB-DENR) CNC - P115.00 Cert of Non-coverage - 1 day to more Tel. No.: 920-2253 than a week www.emb.gov.ph 6. Visa (Treaty traders, Working/ Bureau of Immigration Investor's Visas: Treaty trader's visa - P2,010.00 Employment; Investor's Visa and Retiree's Tel. (632) 527-3248 Two (2) to three (3) months www.immigration.gov.ph SIRV (Investors visa)(probationary) US\$300.00 Ten (10) working days (BOI) and P10,110.00 (Bureau of Immigration) SRRV(Retiree's Visa) - depends on category Five (5) to seven (7) days Employment Visa: Special non-immigrant Visa(47a2) Fifteen (15) days P2,000.00/ per person (BOI) P2,525.00/ per person (DOJ)





















SOURCE: Investment Assistance Center

relcome to the Philippines, your investment destination of choice in Asia!

The government is committed to sustaining the robust outlook on the economy as it takes a proactive role in stepping up investment to a whole new level.

This brochure will guide you on the procedures and the applicable laws that will assist you in doing busines in the Philippines.

We invite you to explore opportunities for investments in key areas of the economy.

We are Open for Business!

1) Who are qualified to invest in the Philippines?

Anyone, regardless of nationality, is welcome to do business and invest in the country, in almost all areas of economic activities provided these are not listed in the Foreign Investment Negative List (FINL) of the Foreign Investments Act of 1991.

2) What are these areas of investments covered by the Foreign Investments Act (FIA)?

Under the Foreign Investments Act of 1991 (Republic Act 7042 as amended by RA 8179), foreign investors are allowed to invest 100% equity in almost all types of business activities subject to certain restrictions as prescribed in the Foreign Investments Negative List (FINL).

The FINL is a shortlist of investment areas and activities which may be opened to foreign investors and/or reserved to Filipino nationals. The Foreign Investments Negative Lists (FINL) are classified as follows:

a. List A- Foreign ownership is limited by mandate of the constitution and specific laws
 b. List B - Foreign ownership is limited for reasons of security, defense, risk to health and morals and protection to small and medium-scale enterprises.

3) Is it possible for foreigner to invest up to 100% capital in a domestic entity?

Yes, it is possible to do so if it meets the following conditions:

- a. If the proposed activity he intends to venture in is not among those listed in the FINL
- Employment of at least 50 direct employees.

4) What are the requirements in establishing a business in the Philippines?

Doing business in the Philippines (with or without incentives) requires prior registration with the following agencies: a) Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) for corporation or partnership; and b) Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) for sole or single proprietorship.

There are other options of enterprises that maybe set up which require SEC registration, namely Domestic Corporation, Branch office, Representative or liaison office, Regional Headquarters (RHQ) and Regional Operating Headquarter (ROHQ).

5) What are possible incentives schemes available for an investor?

The government has come up with a liberal program of fiscal and non-fiscal incentives to attract foreign capital and technology that complements local resources.

In terms of investment incentives, the following are offered:

- Incentives Offered Under the Omnibus Investments Code of 1987 (E.O 226)
 Project outside of the economic zones can register with the Board of Investments (BOI) to qualify for the incentives below:
- Income Tax Holiday (ITH) Exemption from Corporate Income Tax for four (4) years (for "Non-Pioneer projects") or six (6) years (for "Pioneer" projects), extendible to a maximum of eight (8) years
- Duty-free importation of capital equipment (E.O. 70)
- In lieu of ITH additional deduction for labor expenses equivalent to 50% of the wages of additional skilled and unskilled labor force.
- · Tax and duty free importation of breeding stocks and genetic materials.
- · Tax credit on domestic breeding stocks and genetic materials.
- Simplified customs procedures for the importation of equipment, spare parts raw materials and supplies and exports of processed products.
- · Unrestricted use of consigned equipment.
- Employment of foreign nationals in supervisory, technical or advisory position. Foreign nationals may renew the visa indefinitely for the position of President, General Manager and Treasurer (or their equivalent) of foreign-owned registered enterprises.
- Tax credit for taxes and duties paid on raw materials, supplies and semi-manufactured products used in manufacture of export products and forming part thereof.
- Access to bonded manufacturing warehouse system.
- Exemption from wharfage dues and export tax, duty, impost and fees.
- Additional deduction for necessary and major infrastructure works for those locating in less-developed areas

Other incentives offered under the Special Economic Zone Act of 1995 and the Bases Conversion and Development Act of 1992

- The Philippine Economic Zone Authority (PEZA) grants similar incentives to those BOI-registered projects however upon expiry of the ITH, there is an exemption from all local and national taxes, and in lieu thereof, payment of the special tax of 5% on Gross Income; and Zero (0%) Value Added Tax (VAT) on local purchases of goods and services, including telecommunications, power and water bills.
- Enterprises allowed to operate within the Subic Bay Freeport (SBF) shall, in lieu of paying all other taxes, pay a final tax of 5% of gross income provided their income from local (non-export) sales shall not exceed 30% of their income from all sources.
- Enterprises locating within the Clark Special Economic Zone (former American Airbase at Clark Field) and Poro Point Special Economic and Freeport Zone (formerly Wallace Air Station and its adjoining areas) are granted incentives similar to those given SBF enterprises.
- Two other special economic zones were created under two separate special laws.
 These are the Cagayan Special Economic Zone Authority (CEZA) and Zamboanga
 Economic Zone Authority (ZEZA). The incentives granted to those that will locate in
 these economic zones are similar to the incentives granted to PEZA ecozone enterprises.

6) What are the protections to investments available to investors?

All investors are entitled to the basic rights and guarantees provided in the Philippine Constitution. Among other rights recognized by the government of the Philippines are the following:

a. Repatriation of Investments

Foreign investors have the right to repatriate the entire proceeds of the liquidation of the investment in the currency in which the investment was originally made at the exchange rate prevailing at the time of repatriation as long as it is registered with Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP).

b. Remittance of Earnings

In the case of foreign investments, investors have the right to remit earnings from the investment in the currency in which the investment was originally made and at exchange rate prevailing at the time of remittance.

c. Foreign Loans and Contracts

Foreign investors have the right to remit, at the exchange rate prevailing at the time of remittance, such sums as may be necessary to meet the payment of interest and the principal on foreign loans and foreign obligations arising from technological assistance contracts.

d. Freedom From Expropriation

There shall be no expropriation by the government of the property represented by the investments or of the property of enterprises except for public use or in the interest on national welfare and defense and upon payment of just compensation. In such cases, foreign investors or registered enterprises shall have the right to remit sums received as compensation the expropriated property in the currency in which the investment was originally made and at the exchange rate prevailing at the time of remittance.

GENERAL BUSINESS PROCEDURES AND APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS FOR SINGLE PROPRIETORSHIP

	WHERE TO REGISTER	FILING FEE	TIME TABLE
Single/Sole Proprietorship (ownership by an individual who has full control/ authority of its own and owns all the assets, personally owes and answers all liabilities or suffers all losses but enjoys all the profits to the exclusion of others)	Department of Trade and Industry (DTI)-NCR www.dti.gov.ph Tel No.: 751-0384 loc. 2124/ 811-8231 loc. 205/217 Tel No.: 751-3330	Depends on territorial jurisdiction: Barangay/City - P200.00 Municipality - P500.00 Regional - P1,000.00 National - P2,000.00 For foreign applicants, below are the additional fees for the Certificate of Authority to engage in business under the Foreign Investments Act (RA 7042) Filing Fee - P500.00 Registration Fee - P5,000.00	Within the Day
1. a. If an applicant is a foreigner, secure VOLUNTARY REGISTRATION in lieu of Alien Certificate of Registration (ACR) with the Bureau of Immigration before securing DTI registration and opening an account with any commercial banks under his/her name.	Bureau of Immigration Tel No.: (+632) 527-3248 Requirements: Extend EO 21 days (Tourist visa) to 59 days stay Letter-request for voluntary registration and address to Alien Registration Division (BI-ARD)	ACR- P1,010.00 I-CARD - P2,400.00 Processing Fee - P500.00	Within seven (7) days
2. Tax Identification Number (TIN)	Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR) Tel No.: 981-7000 www.bir.gov.ph (on-line application for the TIN is available)	P500.00 plus Certification Fee of P15.00 and Documentary stamp fee of P15.00	Within the day
3. Incentives Availment (OPTIONAL)	Board of Investments (BOI) Tel No.: 895-8322, 895-3640, 895-3657 www.boi.gov.ph	Depends on company's project cost	BOI - Within twenty (20) working days
	Philippine Economic Zone Authority (PEZA) Tel No.: 551-3436 / 551-3438 www.peza.gov.ph	P3,600.00	PEZA - Within the day/two (2 weeks) (Board Action)
	Clark Development Corporation (CDC) Tel No.: (63-45) 599-2043 / 2642 www.clark.com.ph	P2,000.00	CDC - Two (2) to three (3) weeks
	Subic Bay Metropolitan Authority (SBMA) Tel No.: (63-47) 252-4000 / 252-4004 www.sbma.com	US\$50.00	SBMA - Three (3) weeks to one (1) month
4. Mayor's Permit (License to Operate) and Barangay Clearance	Local Government Unit (Office of the Mayor) where business/project is located	Depends on the capital, varies for every LGU	Depends on LGU's Timetable
5. Department of Labor and Employment (DOLE)	Department of Labor and Employment regional office where business is located Tel. No.: 527-8000 www.dole.gov.ph	Rule 1020 (Occupational Safety & Health Standards) - No fee Department Order - 1802 (Contractor/ Subcontractor Employee-Employer relationship) - P 100.00	One (1) day or may vary depending on documents completed
Environmental Clearance Certificate (ECC)/or Certificate of Non-Coverage (CNC) (depends on business activity)	Environmental Management Bureau Department of Environmental and Natural Resources (EMB-DENR) Tel No.:920-2253 / www.emb.gov.ph	ECC Non-Critical - P4,015.00 ECC Critical - P6,000.00 CNC - P115.00	ECC Non-Critical -20 working days ECC Critical - 40 working days Certificate of Non-Coverage - 1 day to more than a week.
7. Visas (Treaty traders; & Retiree's Visa)	Bureau of Immigration Intramuros, Manila Tel. (+632) 527-3248 www.immigration.gov.ph	Treaty trader's visa - P2,010.00 SRRV (Retiree's Visa) - USD1,400.00	Two (2) to three (3) months Five (5) to seven (7) days

SOURCE: Investment Assistance Center

e. Right to Requisition of Investment

There shall be no requisition of the property presented by the investment or of the property of enterprises, except in the event of war or national emergency and only for the duration. Just compensation for the requisitioned property may be remitted in the currency in which the investment was originally made and the exchange rate prevailing at the time of remittance.

In addition, under various investment agreements of the Philippines with other States, investors are accorded the following, among others:

i. Free Transaction of Capital

The Philippines allows all transfers relating to investments to be made freely and without delay into and out of its territory, subject to compliance with certain requirements imposed by laws and regulations.

ii. National Treatment

The Philippines treats all investments equally whether made by foreign or local investors to the extent allowed by Philippine laws.

iii. Fair and Equitable Treatment

The Philippines affords to investments fair and equitable treatment and full protection and security accordance with customary international law.